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## OSCILLATION CRITERIA FOR EVEN ORDER **DELAY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS** WITH NONLINEAR TERM\*

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## Abstract

By Riccati transformation, we establish some new oscillation criteria for a class of even order delay differential equations with nonlinear term. In some sense, the results obtained extend some known results in the literature.

Keywords oscillation; delay; nonlinear term; even order; Riccati transformation

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## Introduction 1

In this paper, we study the problem of oscillation for a class of even order neutral delay differential equations

$$(r(t)[x(t) + c(t, x(\tau(t)))]^{(n-1)})' + q(t)f(x(\sigma(t))) = 0, \quad t \ge t_0.$$
(1.1)

Throughout, we suppose that the functions and parameters in (1.1) satisfy the following conditions:

(A1)  $r \in C([t_0,\infty), \mathbf{R}^+)$ ,  $\int_{t_0}^{\infty} \frac{dt}{r(t)} = \infty$ , *n* is even; (A2)  $\tau \in C^1([t_0,\infty), \mathbf{R})$ ,  $\sigma \in C([t_0,\infty), \mathbf{R})$ ,  $\tau(t) \le t$ ,  $\lim_{t \to \infty} \tau(t) = \lim_{t \to \infty} \sigma(t) = t$  $\infty, \ \tau \circ \sigma = \sigma \circ \tau;$ 

(A3)  $q \in C([t_0, \infty), \mathbf{R}^+);$ 

(A4)  $c \in C([t_0,\infty) \times \mathbf{R},\mathbf{R})$ , there exist a function  $p \in C([t_0,\infty),\mathbf{R}^+)$  and a positive constant  $p_0$  such that

$$0 \le \frac{c(t,u)}{u} \le p(t) \le p_0 < \infty \quad \text{for } u \ne 0;$$

(A5)  $f \in C(\mathbf{R}, \mathbf{R})$  and there exists a positive constant  $\alpha$  such that

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$$\frac{f(y)}{y} \ge \alpha > 0, \quad \text{for } y \neq 0;$$

Neutral differential equations have numerous applications in natural science and technology. For instance, they are frequently used to study the distributed networks containing lossless transmission lines, see Hale [1].

In the last decades, there are many studies that have been made on the oscillatory behavior of solutions of differential equations [2-6] and neutral delay differential equations [7-20].

For instance, Grammatikopoulos et al. [9] examined the oscillation of secondorder neutral delay differential equations

$$[x(t) + p(t)x(t-\tau)]'' + q(t)x(t-\sigma) = 0, \quad t \ge t_0,$$
(1.2)

where  $0 \le p(t) < 1$ .

Liu and Bai [12] investigated the second-order neutral differential equations

$$[r(t)|Z'(t)|^{\alpha-1}Z'(t)]' + q(t)|y(\sigma(t)|^{\alpha-1}y(\sigma(t)) = 0, \quad t \ge t_0,$$
(1.3)

where  $Z(t) = y(t) + p(t)y(\tau(t)), \ 0 \le p(t) < 1.$ 

Meng and Xu [13] studied the oscillation of even-order neutral delay differential equations

$$[r(t)|(x(t)+p(t)x(t-\tau))^{n-1}|^{\alpha-1}(x(t)+p(t)x(t-\tau))^{n-1}]'+q(t)f(x(\sigma(t))) = 0, \quad t \ge t_0,$$
(1.4)

where  $0 \le p(t) < 1$ .

Ye and Xu [16] considered the second-order quasilinear neutral delay differential equations

$$[r(t)\Psi(x(t))|Z'(t)|^{\alpha-1}Z'(t)]' + q(t)f(x(\sigma(t))) = 0, \quad t \ge t_0,$$
(1.5)

where  $Z(t) = x(t) + p(t)x(\tau(t)), \ 0 \le p(t) < 1.$ 

Zafer [17] discussed the second-order neutral delay differential equations

$$[x(t) + p(t)x(\tau(t))]^{(n)} + f(t, x(t), x(\sigma(t))) = 0, \quad t \ge t_0,$$
(1.6)

where  $0 \le p(t) < 1$ .

Zhang et al. [18] considered the oscillation of even-order nonlinear neutral delay differential equations

$$[x(t) + p(t)x(\tau(t))]^{(n)} + q(t)f(x(\sigma(t))) = 0, \quad t \ge t_0,$$
(1.7)

where  $0 \le p(t) < 1$ .

To the best of our knowledge, the above oscillation results cannot be applied to study the case of p(t) > 1, and it seems to have few oscillation results for (1.1) when p(t) > 1.

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