

Multilinear Commutators of Sublinear Operators on Triebel-Lizorkin Spaces

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Communicated by Ji You-qing

Abstract: In this paper, the boundedness of multilinear commutators related to sublinear operators with Lipschitz function on Triebel-Lizorkin spaces is given. As an application, we prove that the multilinear commutators of Littlewood-Paley operator and Bochner-Riesz operator are bounded on Triebel-Lizorkin spaces.

Key words: multilinear commutator, Triebel-Lizorkin space, Littlewood-Paley operator, Bochner-Riesz operator

2010 MR subject classification: 42B25, 42B30

Document code: A

Article ID: 1674-5647(2014)02-0168-11

DOI: 10.13447/j.1674-5647.2014.02.07

1 Introduction

In 2002, Pérez and Trujillo-González^[1] introduced a kind of multilinear commutators of singular integral operators with $Osc_{\exp L^r}$ ($r \geq 1$) function and obtained sharp weighted estimates for this kind of multilinear commutators. Since then, the properties of multilinear commutators have been widely studied in harmonic analysis (see [1–10]). Hu *et al.*^[2], Meng and Yang^[3] proved the boundedness of multilinear commutators with non-doubling measures. Chen and Ma^[4] established that multilinear commutators related to Calderón-Zygmund operator and fractional integral operator with Lipschitz function are bounded in Triebel-Lizorkin spaces. Meanwhile, weighted weak-type estimates for multilinear commutators of fractional integrals on homogeneous type spaces were discussed by Gorosito *et al.*^[5]. Later, Mo and Lu^[6] studied the boundedness for multilinear commutators of Marcinkiewicz

Received date: Oct. 15, 2012.

Foundation item: The Excellent Young Talent Foundation (2013SQRL080ZD) of Anhui Province.

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integral operators on Triebel-Lizorkin spaces and Hardy spaces. Recently, the weighted estimates for multilinear commutators of Littlewood-Paley operators and Marcinkiewicz integrals were established by Xue and Ding^[7] and Zhang^[8], respectively. The bounded properties for the multilinear commutators of θ -type Calderón-Zygmund operators were considered by authors in [9]. In 2011, Xie *et al.*^[10] established the endpoint estimate for multilinear commutators of Bochner-Riesz operators. In this paper, the boundedness of multilinear commutators related to sublinear operators on Triebel-Lizorkin spaces is considered. And as an application, we obtain that the multilinear commutators of Littlewood-Paley operator and Bochner-Riesz operator are bounded on Triebel-Lizorkin spaces.

Throughout this paper, C always means a constant independent of the main parameters involved, but it may be different from line to line. Q denote a cube of \mathbf{R}^n with side parallel to the axes, and for a cube Q and a locally integrable function f , let $f_Q = |Q|^{-1} \int_Q f(x)dx$. For $\beta > 0$ and $p > 1$, let $\dot{F}_p^{\beta, \infty}$ be the homogeneous Triebel-Lizorkin space, and the Lipschitz space $\dot{\Lambda}_\beta$ is the space of functions f such that

$$\|f\|_{\dot{\Lambda}_\beta} = \sup_{x, h \in \mathbf{R}^n; h \neq 0} \frac{|\Delta_h^{[\beta]+1} f(x)|}{|h|^\beta} < \infty,$$

where Δ_h^k denotes the k -th difference operator (see [11]).

Given any positive integer m , for $1 \leq i \leq m$, we denote by C_i^m the family of all finite subsets $\sigma = \{\sigma(1), \sigma(2), \dots, \sigma(i)\}$ of $\{1, 2, \dots, m\}$ with i different elements. For any $\sigma \in C_i^m$, the complementary sequences σ' is given by $\sigma' = \{1, 2, \dots, m\} \setminus \sigma$. Let $\mathbf{b} = (b_1, b_2, \dots, b_m)$ be a finite family of locally integrable functions. For all $1 \leq i \leq m$ and $\sigma = \{\sigma(1), \dots, \sigma(i)\} \in C_i^m$, we denote $\mathbf{b}_\sigma = (b_{\sigma(1)}, \dots, b_{\sigma(i)})$ and the product $b_\sigma = b_{\sigma(1)} \cdots b_{\sigma(i)}$. If $\beta_{\sigma(1)} + \dots + \beta_{\sigma(i)} = \beta_\sigma$, then we write

$$\|\mathbf{b}_\sigma\|_{\dot{\Lambda}_{\beta_\sigma}} = \|b_{\sigma(1)}\|_{\dot{\Lambda}_{\beta_{\sigma(1)}}} \cdots \|b_{\sigma(i)}\|_{\dot{\Lambda}_{\beta_{\sigma(i)}}}.$$

For the product of all the functions, we simply write

$$\|\mathbf{b}\|_{\dot{\Lambda}_\beta} = \prod_{i=1}^m \|b_i\|_{\dot{\Lambda}_{\beta_i}},$$

where $\sum_{i=1}^m \beta_i = \beta$.

Definition 1.1 Let $\varepsilon > 0$ and ψ be a fixed function which satisfies the following properties:

- (1) $\int \psi(x)dx = 0$;
- (2) $|\psi(x)| \leq C(1 + |x|)^{-(n+\varepsilon)}$;
- (3) $|\psi(x + y) - \psi(x)| \leq C|y|^\varepsilon(1 + |x|)^{-(n+1+\varepsilon)}$, $2|y| < |x|$.

The multilinear commutators of Littlewood-Paley operator is defined by

$$g_{\psi, \mathbf{b}}(f)(x) = \left(\int_0^\infty |F_{\mathbf{b}, t}(f)(x)|^2 \frac{dt}{t} \right)^{\frac{1}{2}}, \tag{1.1}$$

where

$$F_{\mathbf{b}, t}(f)(x) = \int_{\mathbf{R}^n} \prod_{i=1}^m (b_i(x) - b_i(y)) \psi_t(x - y) f(y) dy,$$